

In April 2026, China issued *the Comprehensive Evaluation and Assessment Measures for Carbon Peaking and Carbon Neutrality*. The document establishes a clearly defined “**5+9**” indicator system to evaluate the carbon performance of all provincial governments, alongside a strict “one-vote veto” mechanism.

- **Any failed control indicator** → automatic overall evaluation failure
- **Failure in three or more supporting indicators** → overall evaluation failure
- Data falsification → immediate failure and accountability action

	No.	Indicators	Responsible Ministries
5 Control Indicators	1	Total carbon emissions	NDRC & MEE
	2	Reduction in carbon intensity	NDRC & MEE
	3	Total coal use	NDRC, NEA & MEE
	4	Total oil use	NDRC & NEA
	5	Share of non-fossil energy	NEA & NDRC
9 Supporting Indicators	1	Reduction in energy use per unit of GDP (by region)	NDRC
	2	Share of newly added clean energy in electricity demand growth	NDRC & NEA
	3	Reduction in energy use and carbon emissions per unit of value added for large industrial companies	MIIT
	4	Implementation of an approval system for energy-saving and emission reduction in high energy use and high emissions projects	NDRC & MIIT
	5	Low-carbon development of urban and rural construction	MOHURD
	6	Green and low-carbon development of transportation	MOT
	7	Reduction in carbon intensity of public institutions	GOA
	8	Emission control targets for industries covered by the national carbon market	MEE
	9	Increase in forest stock volume	NGFA, MNR

Note: NDRC = National Development and Reform Commission

MEE = Ministry of Ecology and Environment

NEA = National Energy Administration

MIIT = Ministry of Industry and Information Technology

MOHURD = Ministry of Housing and Urban-Rural Development

MOT = Ministry of Transport

GOA = Government Offices Administration

NGFA = National Forestry and Grassland Administration

MNR = Ministry of Natural Resources